



TREE SPECIES (SCIENTIFIC NAME)

Ficus eximia

PERU COMMON NAME

Matapalo, Ojé, Hoja ancha

TREE FAMILY

MORACEAE

AVERAGE LEAF SIZE (CM)

13.44cm × **7.87cm**
Length Width

DISTRIBUTION

NATIVE TO PERU

ELEVATIONAL RANGE (M)

600–1850m

TREE HEIGHT

SHRUB (1–10M)



NATIVE TO

Region: Americas

Latin America: Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Ecuador, Guyana, Paraguay, Peru, Venezuela

COFFEE AGROFORESTRY INFORMATION

COFFEE SYSTEM

ARABICA

COFFEE IMPACT

BENEFICIAL TO COFFEE

TREE MANAGEMENT

Planted in nursery by seeds and cuttings. Deciduous forest species that parasitizes other trees in order to coexist and become independent. It has a low incidence of pests.

CULTIVATION

PLANTED

NATURAL

PREVALENCE

COMMON IN COFFEE AGROFORESTRY

TREE BENEFITS AND USES

FARMER USES



Firewood, Lumber, Ornamental

It is semi-hard with a straight grain and medium texture and light color. Used for electrical carpentry, drawers and as firewood.

FARM SERVICES



Coffee Shade, Soil Improvement, Reforestation

Coffee Shade: provides medium shade in foliating season, and no shade when leaves drop mainly during the dry season

BIODIVERSITY BENEFITS

YES

The fresh fruits are consumed by small rodents and frugivorous birds such as tanagers, euphonia and magpies. It retains arthropods that are consumed by insectivorous birds such as tyrants, vireos, and greenlets.

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Tropical Plants Database, Ken Fern. tropical.theferns.info. 2022-06-22. tropical.theferns.info/viewtropical.php?id=Ficus+eximia

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