



TREE SPECIES (SCIENTIFIC NAME)

Bunchosia nitida

PERU COMMON NAME

Cansaboca

TREE FAMILY

MALPIGHIACEAE

AVERAGE LEAF SIZE (CM)

Unknown

ELEVATIONAL RANGE (M)

>700m

TREE HEIGHT

SMALL (10-20M)



DISTRIBUTION



NATIVE TO PERU

NATIVE TO

Region: Americas

Latin America: Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Ecuador, Peru, Venezuela

COFFEE AGROFORESTRY INFORMATION

COFFEE SYSTEM



ARABICA

COFFEE IMPACT



BENEFICIAL TO COFFEE

TREE MANAGEMENT

Planted by seeds or cuttings of semi-mature wood. It has a low incidence of pests.

CULTIVATION



PLANTED



NATURAL

PREVALENCE

Not Common in Coffee Agroforestry

TREE BENEFITS AND USES

FARMER USES



Food, Firewood, Ornamental

The fruit can be eaten raw or cooked, and is also used to make preserves.

FARM SERVICES



Coffee Shade, Soil Improvement

Coffee Shade: provides medium shade

BIODIVERSITY BENEFITS



YES

It produces many fruits for frugivorous bird species such as tanagers, euphonias, saltators, and toucans. It retains insects in leaves and bark that are consumed by insectivorous bird species.

Last Updated: August 14, 2023

Image: Copyright Benny Celestino Osorio 2022

Bunchosia armeniaca (Cav.) Rich. in GBIF Secretariat (2021). GBIF Backbone Taxonomy. Accessed on 2022-06-30. Checklist dataset <https://doi.org/10.15468/39omej>

Plants of the World Online POWO (2022). "Plants of the World Online. Facilitated by the Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew. Published on the Internet <http://www.plantsoftheworldonline.org>;

Tropical Plants Database, Ken Fern. tropical.thefems.info. 2022-06-30. tropical.thefems.info/viewtropical.php?id=Bunchosia+armeniaca;

Mendoza, A. L. M., & Guerrero, M. H. (2010). Catálogo de los árboles y afines de la Selva Central del Perú. *Arnaldoa*, 17, 203-242.