TREE SPECIES (SCIENTIFIC NAME)

Pourouma cecropiifolia

PERU COMMON NAME

Uvilla

TREE FAMILY

URTICACEAE

AVERAGE LEAF SIZE (CM)

25CM × **36.5CM**
Length Width

DISTRIBUTION

NATIVE TO PERU

NATIVE TO

Region: Americas
Latin America: Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Costa Rica, Ecuador, Honduras, Peru, Venezuela

ELEVATIONAL RANGE (M)

100–1100M

TREE HEIGHT

MEDIUM (20–35M)

COFFEE AGROFORESTRY INFORMATION

COFFEE SYSTEM

ARABICA

COFFEE IMPACT

Unknown

TREE MANAGEMENT

The seeds are mainly dispersed by small primates and bats. Propagates easily and has rapid growth, precocity and good productivity. The trees begin to produce fruits at 2 years, reaching optimal production between the fifth and sixth year.

CULTIVATION

PLANTED
NATURAL

PREVALENCE

Unknown

TREE BENEFITS AND USES

FARMER USES

Food, **Medicinal**, **Ornamental**, **Product**, **Ceremonial**

Provides dyes. Cultivated in agroecosystems for its fruit. This species is an important traditional fruit and symbolic component of the culture of the Indigenous Ticuna people, and is widely consumed and cultivated in their fields and agroforests. It is also reported in Ticuna myths as a plant associated with the fauna and mythical entities of the forest.

FARM SERVICES

Coffee Shade

BIODIVERSITY BENEFITS

YES

Food for wildlife. The main pollinators are insects of the family Apidae, Oxytrigona obscura, Trigona dellatarreana and Trigona sp. The seeds are mainly dispersed by small primates and bats.

Last Updated: August 15, 2023

Image: Pourouma cecropiifolia leaves: Mauricio Diazgranados © RBG Kew http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/ Pourouma cecropiifolia herbarium 1; Pourouma cecropiifolia herbarium 2: Herbarium Catalogue Specimens Digital Image © Board of Trustees, RBG Kew http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/

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