



TREE SPECIES (SCIENTIFIC NAME)

Clarisia racemosa

PERU COMMON NAME

Tulpay

TREE FAMILY

MORACEAE

AVERAGE LEAF SIZE (CM)

8.61cm * 3.15cm

Length Width

ELEVATIONAL RANGE (M)

350-1000m

TREE HEIGHT

LARGE (> 35M)



DISTRIBUTION



NATIVE TO PERU

NATIVE TO

Region: Americas

Latin America: Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Costa Rica, Ecuador, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Peru, Suriname, Venezuela

COFFEE AGROFORESTRY INFORMATION

COFFEE SYSTEM



ARABICA

COFFEE IMPACT



BENEFICIAL TO COFFEE

TREE MANAGEMENT

Plant seeds as soon as they are ripe in individual, partially shaded containers. Plant 2-3 seeds in each container. A low germination rate can be expected, and the seeds sprout within 40 - 60 days. It has a low incidence of pests.

CULTIVATION



PLANTED



NATURAL

PREVALENCE

Not Common in Coffee Agroforestry

TREE BENEFITS AND USES

FARMER USES



Food, Lumber

Valued and can be used for a wide range of purposes, including in housing construction and the manufacture of high-class furniture, cabinet work, paneling, carpentry, tool handles, flooring, general construction and laminate.

FARM SERVICES



Coffee Shade, Soil Improvement

Coffee Shade: provides sparse to medium shade

BIODIVERSITY BENEFITS



YES

It provides succulent fruits for birds and mammals, and houses insects in leaves and bark for groups of insectivorous birds. Being a long-lived species also allows parasitizing species such as strangling figs, to fully develop and offer a greater variety of resources in flowers and succulent fruits for birds.

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Tropical Plants Database, Ken Fern. [tropical.theferns.info](https://tropical.theferns.info/viewtropical.php?id=Clarisia+racemosa). 2022-06-22. tropical.theferns.info/viewtropical.php?id=Clarisia+racemosa;

Tree Atlas, Smithsonian Tropical Research Institute. <https://panamabiota.org/stri/taxa/index.php?taxon=Clarisia+racemosa&formsubmit=Search+Terms>;

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