



TREE SPECIES (SCIENTIFIC NAME)

Anacardium occidentale

ENGLISH COMMON NAME

Cashew

INDONESIAN COMMON NAME

Jambu mete, Jambu monyet

TREE FAMILY

ANACARDIACEAE

AVERAGE LEAF SIZE (CM)

20cm × **15cm**
Length Width

ELEVATIONAL RANGE (M)

0–1000m

TREE HEIGHT

SHRUB (1–10M)



DISTRIBUTION



EXOTIC IN INDONESIA

NATIVE TO

Region: Americas

EXOTIC IN

SE Asia: Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Singapore, Taiwan, Thailand, Vietnam

Indonesia: Java, Lesser Sunda Islands, Sulawesi, Sumatra

COFFEE AGROFORESTRY INFORMATION

COFFEE SYSTEM



ROBUSTA



ARABICA

COFFEE IMPACT

Unknown

REGENERATION

Unknown

CULTIVATION



PLANTED

TREE MANAGEMENT

Planted at 2-3 m spacing within the row and 12-15 m spacing between the rows. Withstands dry periods and poor soil. During the dry months, weeding is necessary. Fertilizer recommended and pests/diseases management may be necessary after trees start producing fruit. Removal of dead/diseased branches necessary. Thinning should be done after ~5 years and lower branches can be pruned. Long lived tree.

PREVALENCE

Unknown

TREE BENEFITS AND USES

FARMER USES



Food, Fuelwood, Medicinal, Product

The tree produces tannin, fruit, nuts, oil, and spice. The cashew apple is eaten fresh or mixed in fruit salads, a drink is prepared from the juice, and young leaves and shoots are eaten raw or cooked. Treats ailments of the skin, and is used for mouth washes and laxatives.

FARM SERVICES



Erosion Control, Unknown

BIODIVERSITY BENEFITS



YES

Flowers attract insects.

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