



TREE SPECIES (SCIENTIFIC NAME)

Citrus hystrix

ENGLISH COMMON NAME

Kaffir Lime

INDONESIAN COMMON NAME

Jeruk Purut

TREE FAMILY

RUTACEAE

AVERAGE LEAF SIZE (CM)

9cm × 4cm

Length Width

ELEVATIONAL RANGE (M)

0–1500m

TREE HEIGHT

SMALL (10–20M)



DISTRIBUTION



NATIVE TO INDONESIA

NATIVE TO

Region: Asia

Cambodia, Malaysia, Myanmar, Papua New Guinea, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand, Vietnam

Indonesia: Borneo, Java, Lesser Sunda Islands, Maluku Islands, New Guinea, Sulawesi, Sumatra

COFFEE AGROFORESTRY INFORMATION

COFFEE SYSTEM



ROBUSTA



ARABICA

COFFEE IMPACT



MAY COMPETE WITH COFFEE

REGENERATION



REGENERATES NATURALLY

CULTIVATION



PLANTED

TREE MANAGEMENT

Attacked by Citrus Greening Citrus Vascular Phloem Disease (CPVD), especially at lower altitudes (<1000 masl). Less affected by CVPD at higher altitudes (>1000 masl). Able to withstand dry periods and poor soil

PREVALENCE



COMMON IN COFFEE AGROFORESTRY

TREE BENEFITS AND USES

FARMER USES



Food, Medicinal, Ceremonial

Used for magic. The juice of the fruit is used for seasoning and to prepare drinks. Leaves are used to season food. Used as an insecticide to kill land leeches via head and foot washing. Fruits can be sold at local markets.

FARM SERVICES

Unknown

BIODIVERSITY BENEFITS

Unknown

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