



TREE SPECIES (SCIENTIFIC NAME)

Cecropia telenitida

COLOMBIAN COMMON NAME

Yarumo, Yarumo blanco, Guarumo, Agrumo

TREE FAMILY

URTICACEAE

AVERAGE LEAF SIZE (CM)

90cm × 90cm
Length Width

DISTRIBUTION



NATIVE TO COLOMBIA

ELEVATIONAL RANGE (M)

1200–2620m

TREE HEIGHT

SMALL (10–20M)



NATIVE TO

Region: Americas

Latin America: Colombia, Ecuador, Peru, Venezuela

Colombia: Antioquia, Boyacá, Cauca, Cundinamarca, Huila, Quindío, Santander, Tolima

COFFEE AGROFORESTRY INFORMATION

COFFEE SYSTEM



ARABICA

COFFEE IMPACT

Unknown

TREE MANAGEMENT

Propagated by seeds. It is fast-growing, requires shade in its juvenile stage, and abundant light in adulthood. It needs fertile soil and plenty of water.

CULTIVATION



PLANTED



NATURAL

TREE BENEFITS AND USES

FARMER USES



Lumber, Medicinal, Ornamental

Used to adorn and decorate spaces. Dried leaves infusion is used as an antidiabetic; a decoction of fresh leaves is taken as an antiasthmatic and expectorant. Its hollow trunk is used as a channel for water conduction, rustic roofs, construction columns, musical instruments, fishing net buoys, and handicrafts.

FARM SERVICES



Soil Improvement, Reforestation, Water Protection

Used for water and watershed protection and decontamination. Pioneer species contributing to soil conservation and recovery of degraded areas. Useful in ecological restoration.

BIODIVERSITY BENEFITS



YES

Attracts biological control agents, Attracts seed dispersers. Its hollow trunks harbor ants that feed on nectar and apparently offers the plant protection against insects that eat its leaves. Fruits are consumed by birds (toucans, tanagers) and mammals (monkeys and bats).

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